Biofilter for Odor Control



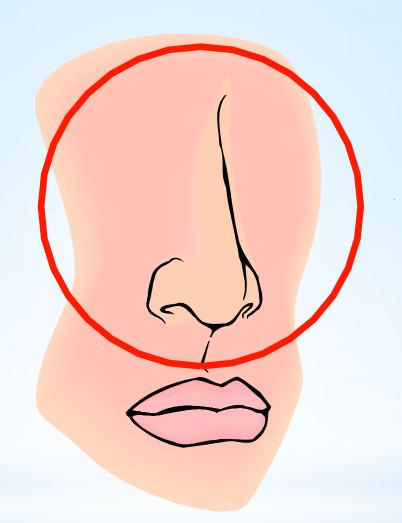




Tom Ferrero

Elkhart Environmental Processing Corp

Overview
 OWhy Odor Control?
 OAvailable Techniques
 OBiofilter Construction



The Nose







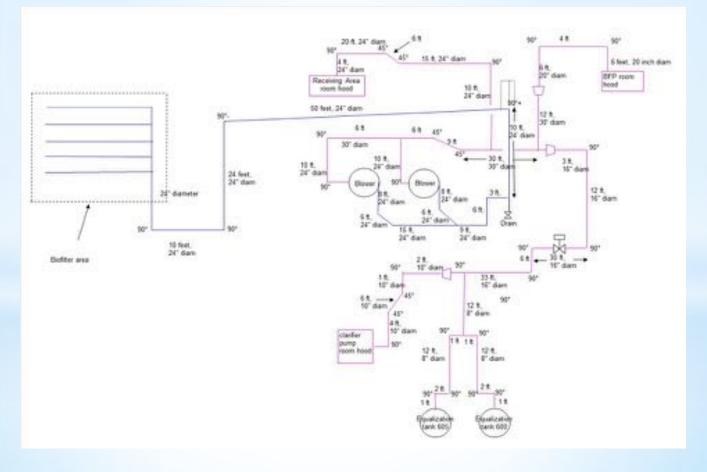
Safety
 OCorrosion
 Hydrogen Sulfide
 OExplosion
 Methane
 OHealth

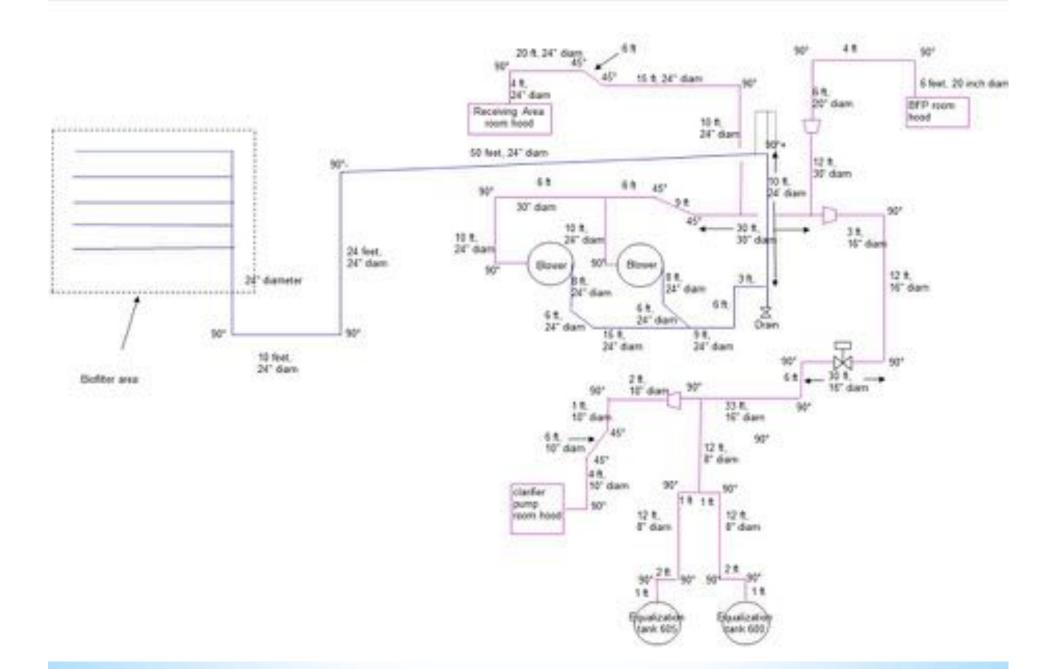
• Air borne disease

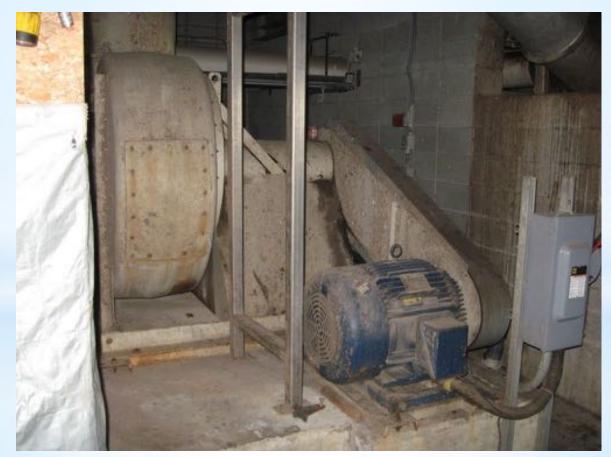
Odor Control Strategy Oldentify Sources of Odors

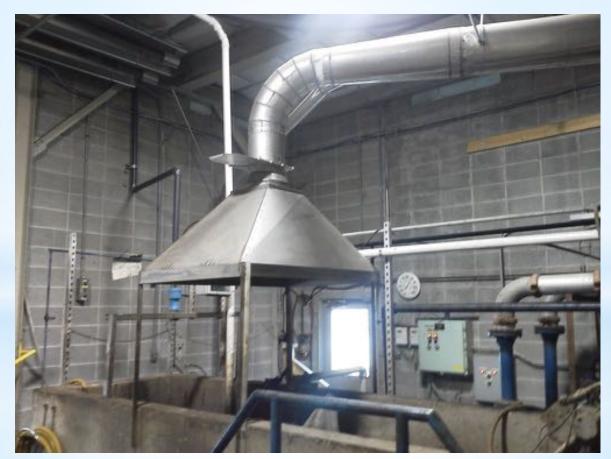
- Septage Receiving Area
- Screening and Grit Removal
- Equalization Tanks
- Processing Dewatering
- Filtrate
- O Estimate Degree of Control Required based
 - on proximity of downwind receptors
- O Evaluate Options
- O Select Appropriate Strategy
- O Design and Construct

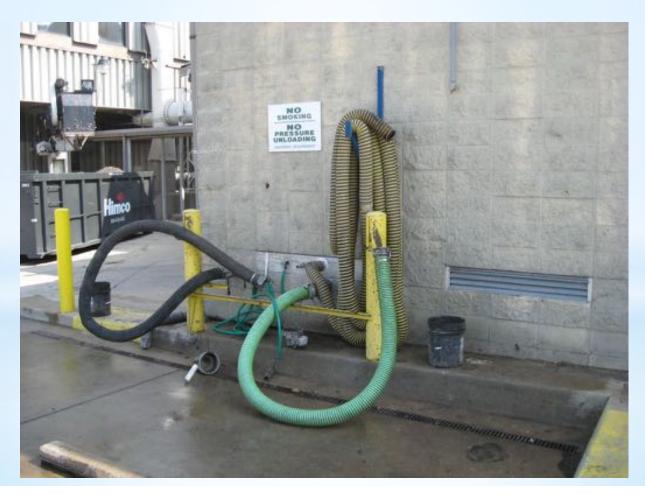
- Use quick-disconnect fittings
- Avoid "Free Fall" of septage
- Provide washdown facilities for spills
- Ventilate tanks to odor control system
- Everything inside!













Available Techniques

 ORemote Site
 Odor counteractants (Misting)
 OWet Scrubber
 OActivated Carbon
 OBiofilter

Available Techniques ORemote Site



Available Techniques

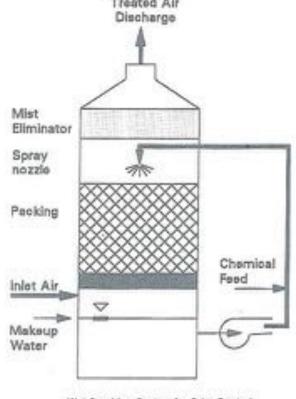
OMisting (odor counteractants)

- Sprayed into the atmosphere
- React with odorous compounds
- Encapsulate odorous compounds
- Substantial cost of chemicals
- 30 to 40% reduction of odors

Available Techniques Odor Counteractants



Available Techniques OWet Scrubber

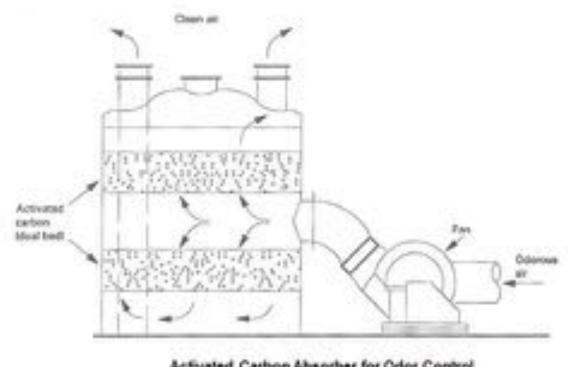


Wet Scrubber System for Odor Control

OWet Scrubber



Available Techniques **OActivated Carbon Absorber**



Activated Carbon Absorber for Odor Control

Available Techniques OActivated Carbon Absorber



Available Techniques OBiofilters

-Passing odorous air through a media containing microbial populations

-Microbes use the odorous compounds as a food source

-Media must be kept moist and air must have good paths through media

-Requires long contact times and low velocities

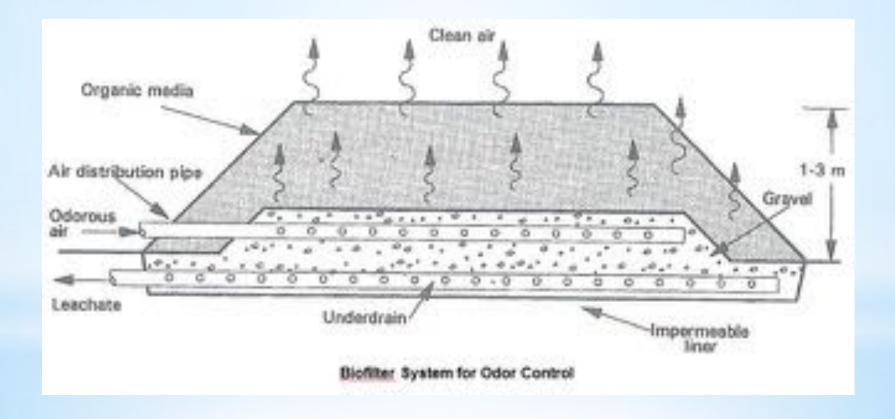
-Systems come in a variety of designs and media configurations

Available Techniques OBiofilters



Technique	Cost Factors	Advantages	Disadvantages
Wet Scrubber	Moderate Capital and operating costs	Effective and Reliable	High Chemical Use, and spent chemical to dispose
Activated Carbon Absorber	Cost depends on frequency of carbon use	Simple, few moving parts, effective	Only applicable for dilute streams
Biofilters	Low capital and O&M costs	Simple, minimum O&M	Design criteria not well established, large land area
Odor Counteractants	Cost dependent upon chemical usage	Low Capital cost	Limited odor removal efficiency

Biofilter Construction



Biofilter Construction



Biofilter Construction



Typical Design Criteria for Biofilters		
Parameter	Value	
Hydraulic Loading	2-10 cfm/sq ft	
Detention Time	20-60 seconds	
Media Depth	3-5 ft	
Media pH	6-8	
Pore Volume	40-50%	
Moisture Content	50-60%	
Media Constitutents	Bark Mulch, hardwood chips, biosolids or leaf compost	
Humidity of inlet air	80-100%	
Recommend air changes	6 volume changes/hour	

Typical Design Criteria for Biofilters		
Parameter	Value	
Hydraulic Loading	2-10 cfm/sq ft 15000 cfm / 2500 s	
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Typical Design Criteria for Biofilters		
Parameter	Value	
Hydraulic Loading	2-10 cfm/sq ft 6 cfm/sq ft	
Detention Time	20-60 seconds	
Media Depth	3-5 ft	
Media pH	6-8	
Pore Volume	40-50%	
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Media Constitutents	Bark Mulch, hardwood chips, biosolids or leaf compost	
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Biofilter for Odor Control Questions?

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